1.4003

Stainless ferritic, chromium steel

X2CrNi12

C max. 0.03 Cr 10.50 – 12.50 Ni 0.30 – 1.00

General comments

1.4003 is a ferritic chromium steel which is suited for mildly corrosive applications, whilst the mechanical properties are comparable to those of unalloyed carbon steels. Unlike other ferritic stainless steels 1.4003 displays a higher strength and can be welded in thicker sections which makes it ideally suited for the construction industry. The prospects of this grade of steel in the building and constructional industries are exceptionally good since 1.4003 offers good mechanical properties, weldability and corrosion resistance at a reasonable cost.

Relevant current and obsolete standards

Special grade for particular use

cold heading grade

General properties

| corrosion resistance | low | |
|--------------------------------|------|--|
| mechanical properties annealed | soft | |
| mechanical properties tempered | good | |
| forgeability | good | |
| weldability | good | |
| machinability | good | |
| | | |

Special properties

ferromagnetic grade magnetically soft, $H_{\rm C}$ < 200 A/m

Physical properties

| density (kg/dm³) electrical resistivity at 20 °C (Ω mm²/m) magnetizability thermal conductivity at 20 °C (W/m K) specific heat capacity at 20 °C (J/kg K) thermal expansion (K⁻¹) | 7.70 0.60 yes 25 460 20 - 100 °C: 10.4 x 10 ⁻⁶ 20 - 200 °C: 10.8 x 10 ⁻⁶ 20 - 300 °C: 11.2 x 10 ⁻⁶ 20 - 400 °C: 11.6 x 10 ⁻⁶ 20 - 500 °C: 11.9 x 10 ⁻⁶ |
|---|---|

Typical applications

automotive industry building industry electronic equipment mechanical engineering sugar industry mining industry transport industry

Note: 1.4104 can be used as an alternative.

supplied in accordance with the Z-30.3-6 building regulation

dimensional limits can be agreed on

Processing properties

| automated machining | yes |
|------------------------|-----|
| machinable | yes |
| hammer and die forging | yes |
| cold forming | yes |
| cold heading | yes |
| suited to polishing | yes |

Conditions

annealed, tempered

Demand tendency

rising

Corrosion resistance (PRE = 10.5 - 12.5)

As a result of its nominal chromium content, 1.4003 displays moderate corrosion resistance to slightly aggressive, non chloride containing environments. 1.4003 is substantially more resistant to corrosion than the common constructional steels and is often selected in preference to these steels since no expensive corrosion protection or coating system is required and in the long run maintenance costs will be lower. 1.4003 is also resistant to wet abrasion. When used for decorative applications or when the environment is more corrosive, then the use of a protective coating is recommended.



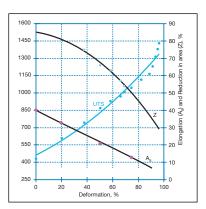
X2CrNi 12

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Heat treatment and mechanical properties

The chemical composition of this steel allows it to be hardened by heat treatment and as such a range of mechanical properties may be attained. 1.4003 may be annealed by holding in the temperature range 680 °C to 740 °C followed by air cooling. In this condition the following mechanical properties can be expected:

| Property yield strength | | Specification | Typical |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------|-----------|
| (N/mm²) | $R_{p0.2}$ | ≥ 260 | 320 |
| tensile strength (N/mm²) | $R_{\scriptscriptstyle m}$ | 450 – 550 | 530 |
| tensile elongation (%) hardness | A₅ HB | ≥ 20 ≤ 200 | 28 180 |
| impact energy (J) 25 °C | ISO-V | ≥ 100 | 220 |



A typical work hardening curve for 1.4003

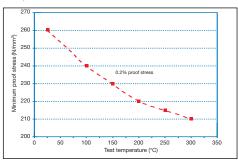
1.4003 can also be quenched and tempered and in this condition, the following mechanical properties can be expected:

| Property | | Specification | Typical |
|--------------------------|------------|---------------|---------|
| yield strength (N/mm²) | $R_{p0.2}$ | ≥ 400 | 428 |
| tensile strength (N/mm²) | R_m | 500 – 750 | 570 |
| tensile elongation (%) | A_5 | ≥ 20 | 23 |
| impact energy (J) 25°C | ISO-V | ≥ 100 | 200 |

The mechanical properties (d \geq 160 mm) have to be agreed on for thicker dimensions, or the delivered product is based on the values given.

Elevated temperature properties

Susceptibility to both 475 $^{\circ}$ C and sigma phase embrittlement limit the use of this material to temperatures below 350 $^{\circ}$ C.



Minimum tensile properties at various temperatures, shown in the diagramm, are specified in the EN 10088-3.

Welding

1.4003 is readily weldable using all common welding processes, except gas welding. When the application of a filler metal is required, then Novonit® 4316, viz. 1.4370, can be used. Post weld heat treatment is generally not required, but any spatter or heat tint must be removed to restore the corrosion resistance to an acceptable level.

Forging

Forging generally takes place at temperatures between 1180 °C – 1000 °C followed by slow cooling.

Machining

As a result of its ferritic microstructure in the annealed condition, 1.4003 tends to smear when machined. This phenomenon can be counteracted to some extent by using coated hard metal cutting/machining tools combined with adapted cutting/machining parameters. The following machining parameters can be used as a guideline when machining 1.4003. A 10 % improvement in cutting speed can be achieved for the quenched and tempered condition (R_m 500 – 700 N/mm²).

| | Depth of cut (mm) | 6 | 3 | 1 |
|--|-------------------|-----|-----|-----|
| | Feed rate (mm/r) | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.2 |
| Annealed | Cutting speed | | | |
| R _m 450 – 520 N/mm ² | (m/min) | 160 | 190 | 260 |